

## Physics 8660, Fall 2008

### Homework 4, 10/16/2008, due 10/30/2008

#### 1. Cylinder with opposite potentials on its end caps

The curved surface of a cylinder of radius  $a$  is grounded while the end caps at  $z=\pm L/2$  are maintained at opposite potentials  $\psi(r, \theta, \pm L/2) = \pm V(r, \theta)$ .

- Develop an expansion for the electrostatic potential  $\psi(r, \theta, z)$  within the cylinder and express the coefficients in terms of the appropriate integral over  $V(r, \theta)$ .
- Determine the coefficients for the simple case  $V(r, \theta) = V_0$  where  $V_0$  is constant.

#### 2. Heating simple solids

Suppose that a simple solid (brick, sphere, cylinder, etc.) with uniform initial temperature is immersed at time  $t = 0$  in a heat bath. The temperature  $\psi(\vec{r}, t)$  within the material satisfies

$$\frac{1}{\kappa} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = \nabla^2 \psi, \quad \psi(\vec{r}, 0) = \psi_i, \quad \psi(\vec{R}, t \geq 0) = \psi_f, \quad \text{where } \vec{R} \text{ is on the surface.}$$

- Determine the temperature distribution for positive times within a brick with  $0 \leq x \leq a, 0 \leq y \leq b, 0 \leq z \leq c$ .
- Determine the temperature distribution for positive times within a sphere with  $r \leq R$ . What is the asymptotic time dependence of the central temperature?
- Determine the temperature distribution for positive times within a cylinder with  $r \leq R, 0 \leq z \leq L$ .